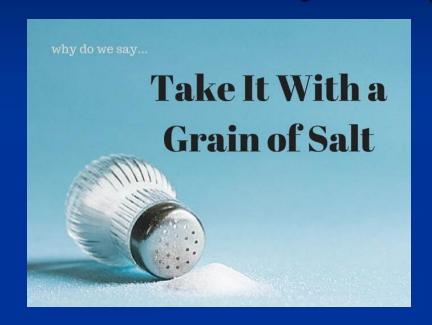


Service Learning Turns 50: Higher education's contested journey toward embracing its critical civic mission

Dr. Seth S. Pollack, Professor of Service Learning California State University, Monterey Bay

2nd European Conference on Service Learning in Higher Education Universiteit Antwerpen, 20 September 2019

Disclaimer: Healthy Skepticism Needed





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Fundamental Assertion: Partners in learning

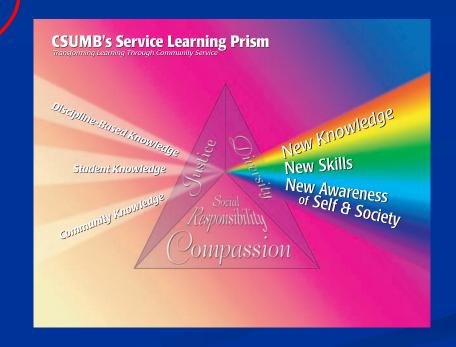
- "Service-learning brings together students, academics and the community whereby all become teaching resources, problem solvers and partners." (Europe Engage)
- "Through those activities in that rich learning environment, students, teachers and external parties learn from each other." (Universiteit Utrecht).
- The CSUMB education will integrate work and learning, service and reflection... Create a model pluralistic academic community where all learn and teach one another in an atmosphere of mutual respect and pursuit of excellence. (CSU Monterey Bay)

Fundamental Assertion: Partners in learning



Service Learning: 3 Fundamental Transformations

- HOW we teach and learn
 - Applied, experiential, community-based
- WHAT we teach and learn
 - Civic knowledge; diversity knowledge;
- WHO has knowledge; & how knowledge is created
 - Knowledge democracy;knowledge co-creation



Service Learning: 3 Fundamental Transformations

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1	WORLD UNIVERSIT RANKINGS	Y	PROFES	SIONAL	JOBS	EVENTS	RANKII	NGS ST
	16	University of Passau	60.5	89.1	44.3	57.0	53.4	41.4
	17	University of Luxembourg	59.8	87.7	42.8	99.7	44.5	38.7
	=18	Aalborg University	59.1	88.9	47.1	73.9	50.5	35.0
	=18	Aalto University ♥ Finland	59.1	79.6	49.6	78.4	47.6	46.2
	=20	Bielefeld University	58.9	79.3	53.4	46.4	56.5	44.6
	=20	Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology (UNIST)	58.9	96.3	70.1	49.7	50.3	31.6
	22	University of Antwerp	58.8	75.2	74.5	67.9	53.3	44.5

Higher Education's Contested Journey: Embracing its critical civic mission

- 1. Why civic mission? Why today?
- 2. Service learning's forgotten history (USA)
- 3. The 3 fundamental transformations
- 4. CSUMB model: civic learning outcomes
- 5. Questions for European higher education going forward

Algorithm for our Global Civic Crisis:

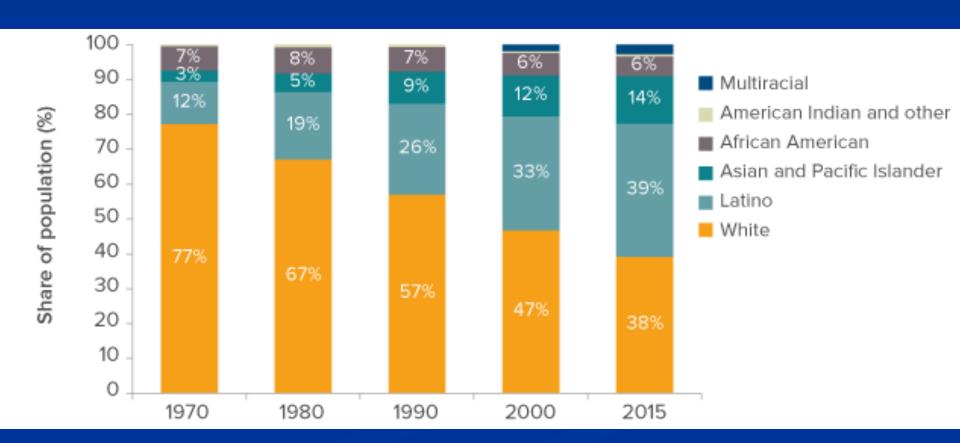


California Population

<u>1970 – 2015</u>

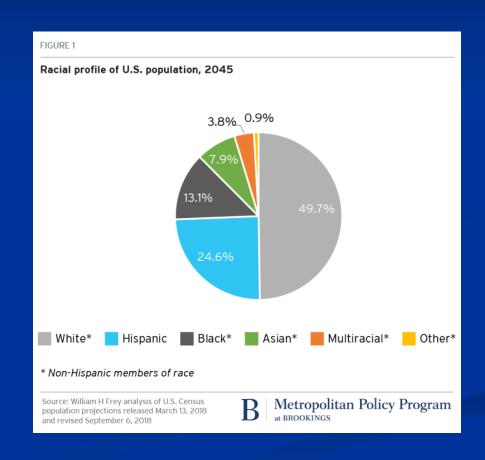
• White decline: 77% to 38%

Latino increase: 12% to 39%

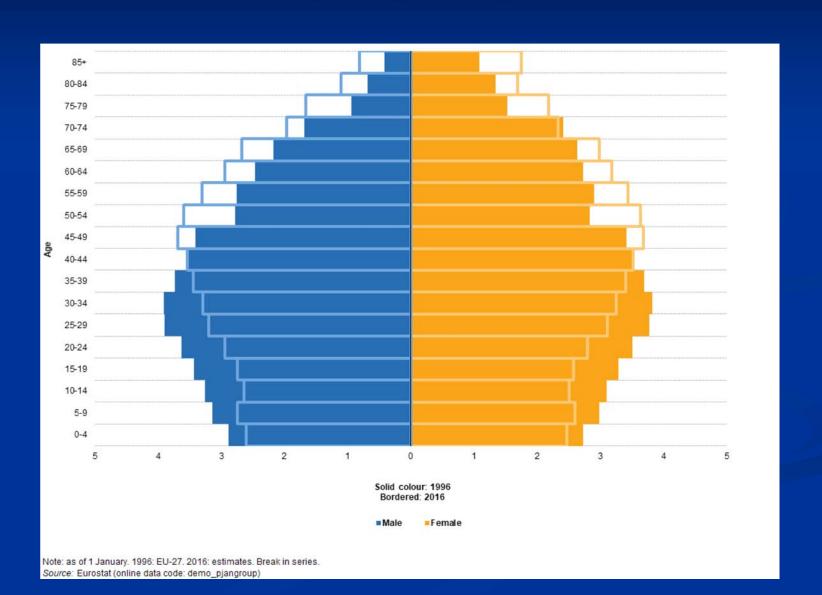


US: Majority Minority in 2045

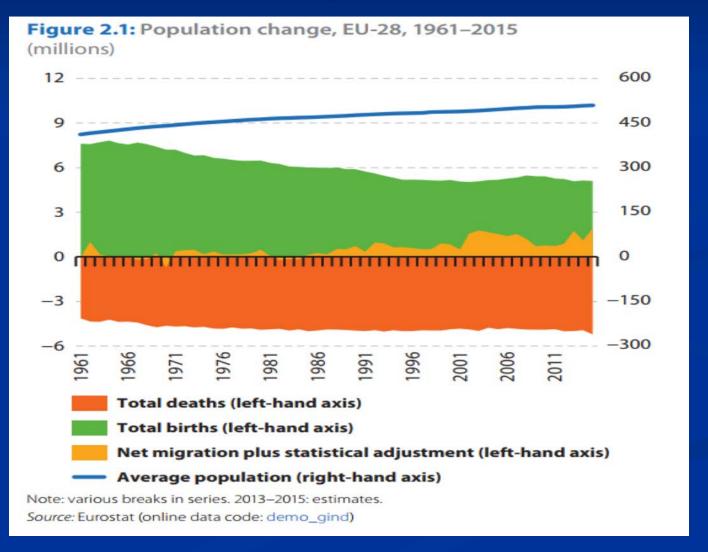
"New census population projections confirm the importance of racial minorities as the primary demographic engine of the nation's future growth, countering an aging, slow-growing and soon to be declining white population."



EU's Aging Population



EU Population Growth: Migration



EU Population Change by Nation: Migration!

Demographic drivers	EU Member States, EFTA countries and candidate countries				
Growth due:					
only to natural change	Montenegro, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Albania Ireland, France, the Netherlands, Slovakia, Iceland, Turkey				
more to natural change					
more to net migration (and adjustment)	Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Spain, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Malta, Austria, Slovenia, Finland, Sweden, the United Kingdom, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland				
only to positive net migration (and adjustment)	Germany (1), Italy				
Decline due:					
only to natural change	Hungary, Serbia				
more to natural change	Bulgaria, Croatia, Portugal				
more to net migration (and adjustment)	Estonia, Greece, Latvia, Lithuania, Romania				
only to negative net migration (and adjustment)	Poland				

Note: based on data from 1 January 2006 to 1 January 2016. Breaks in series. Ireland, Spain, France, Cyprus, Malta, Austria, Liechtenstein and Switzerland: including provisional data. Germany, Greece, Portugal, Romania, the United Kingdom and Albania: including estimates.

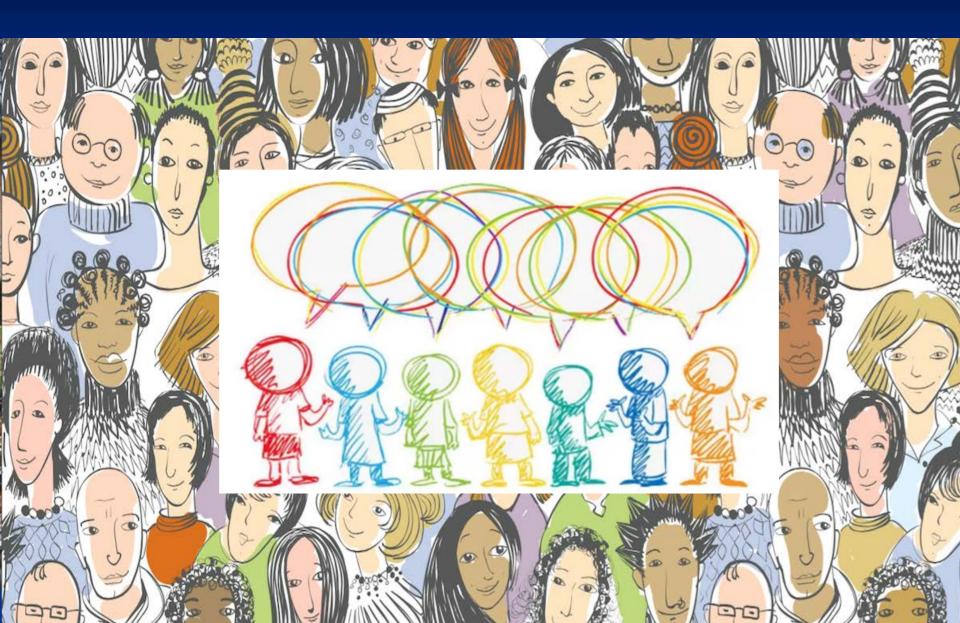
(1) Evolution between 2011 and 2016 may be attributed to a methodological break in 2011.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: demo_gind)

Our Changing Communities



Our Changing Communities



Our Polarized World



Role of Higher Education? Civic / Public / Third Mission

"Higher education must be more responsive to the **great threats** to the environment, to material well-being, to personal and social security, to social cohesion, to values, convictions and beliefs..."

■ Sur Bergan, Head of Education, Council of Europe, 2011. *Not by Bread Alone*.

Council of Europe: "Promote equity, social cohesion and active citizenship" (2013)

UNIBILITY: university meets social responsibility project (2015-2017)

"Universities increasingly are expected to be responsive to the needs of society... The increasing importance of this social dimension of higher education calls for a concerted effort to devise strategies and implement measures which will establish universities as drivers of societal wellbeing."

COMPETENCES FOR DEMOCRATIC CULTURE

Living together as equals in culturally diverse democratic societies

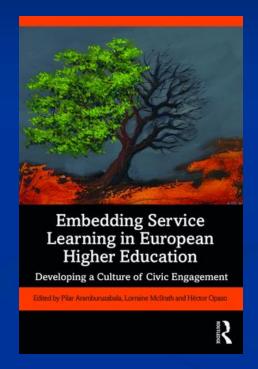


Executive summary



Service Learning in Europe: Date of Birth: 2014



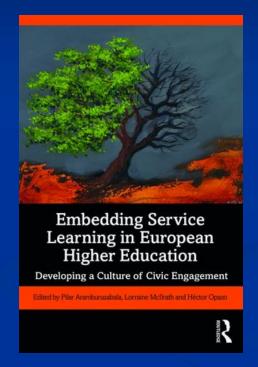


"In addition to enhancing academic and real world learning, the overall purpose of service learning is to instill in students a sense of civic engagement and responsibility and work towards positive social change within society."

-https://Europeengage.org

Service Learning in Europe: Date of Birth: ????





"In addition to enhancing academic and real world learning, the overall purpose of service learning is to instill in students a sense of civic engagement and responsibility and work towards positive social change within society."

-https://Europeengage.org

1969: Famous for Many Things



The Birth of Service-Learning

...that colleges and universities encourage student community service;

...that students, public and private agency officials, college faculty and staff, cooperate in the administration of programs in which students both serve and learn; ...that such programs be given the generic name...

<u>SERVICE</u> – <u>LEARNING</u>

...whose definition is "the integration of the accomplishment of a needed task with educational growth."

-Southern Regional Education Board, Atlanta, June 1969

The Birth of Ethnic Studies: San Francisco State University, 1969

The 50th Anniversary of the UC Berkeley WHOSE Third World Liberation Front UNIVERSIT

AN ARCHIVAL EXHIBIT University of California, Berkeley

Exhibit on Display March 11 - August 31, 2019 **Bernice Layne Brown Gallery**

Exhibit Reception April 24, 2019 5-8pm Ethnic Studies Library in Doe Memorial Library | 6-8pm Morrison Library

STRIKE!! Mass meeting, Tuesday in the Gallery Lounge 12 o'clock and 5 o'clock (discuss strike tactics for Wednesday) IDEA OF A BLACK STUDIES PROGRAM AND 20 BLACK PROFESSORS IS A FRIGHTENING POSSIBILITY"

In 1969, one of the longest student-led strikes in UC Berkeley history gave birth to a

.this Western-centric/Christian-centric, capitalist/patriarchal, Wor Chie heteronormative, modern/colonial world system which denies the epistemic diversity of the world..." and

-Center of Study and Investigation of Decolonial Dialogues (2019)

liberatory education is as critical as ever.

sch

This exhibit shows this history through archives from the Ethnic Studies Library and Bancroft Library and photographs by Stephen Shames and Ilka Hartmann.

Cosponsored by the Department of Ethnic Studies, Ethnic Studies Library, TWLF 50th Planning Committee, Media Resources Center, and the University Library

All locations wheelchair accessible For any questions, visit estibrary.berkeley.edu/twtf50 or e-mail shi@berkeley.edu.



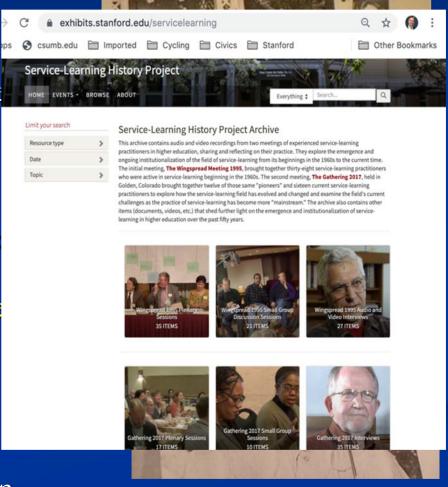
STRIKE COMMITTEE

Era I. Service-Learning 1960s-70s: Semesters in Community for Social Change

Demand for relevance of academic programs; new knowledge-base (ethnic studie women's studies, community studies, etc.)

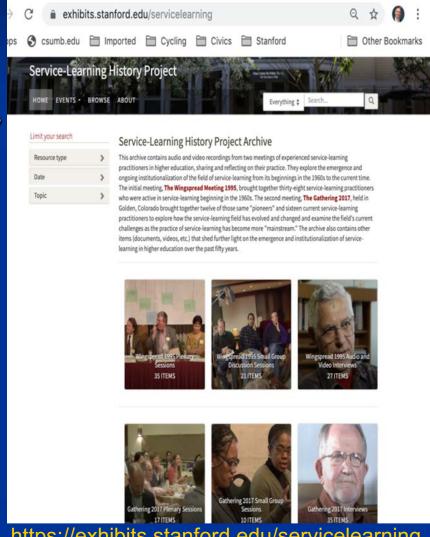
Experiential learning programs:
 "urban plunge semesters;
 accessing knowledge outside the academy

War on Poverty; "Maximum feasible participation" by communities; self-determination.



Era I. Service-Learning 1960s-70s: Semesters in Community for Social Change

- Demand for relevance of academic programs; new knowledge-base (ethnic studies, women's studies, community studies, etc.)
- Experiential learning programs: "urban plunge semesters; accessing knowledge outside the academy
- War on Poverty;: "Maximum feasible participation" by communities; self-determination.



https://exhibits.stanford.edu/servicelearning

European Film Debut Urban Corps: New York City 1967



Service Learning in 1972

"Action, man, action –student action, without the confinements of the curriculum and the classroom, against which rebellion is overdue. Self-determination, self-reliance, self-imagination, self-ingenuity, self-responsibility, self-etc. ..."

• Anonymous faculty speaking on the merits of service-learning, North Carolina Internship Office, 1972.

A Nation at Risk National Commission on Excellence in Education (1983)

"While we can take justifiable pride in what our schools and colleges have historically accomplished and contributed to the United States and the wellbeing of its people, the educational foundations of our society are presently being eroded by a rising tide of mediocrity that threatens our very future as a Nation and a people."



Era II: Academic Rigor SL as a pedagogy (1990s)

"Service-learning can help your students develop broader social and political awareness. But, how can you customize service-learning so it supports learning...in your discipline...in what you teach...without sacrificing academic rigor."



♦1997, AAHE monograph series on service-learning in the disciplines.

Service Learning's Revival (1990s)









Community Partners



WHERE'S THE LEARNING SERVICE-LEARNING?

> Janet Eyler and Dwight E. Giles, Jr.

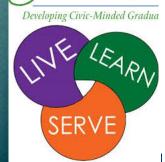
> FOREWORD BY Alexander W. Astin



















NEURSHIP







Ozanam Center for Service Learning

CONNECT . ENGAGE . GROW

A Global Movement: Talloires Network: 388 members



Service Learning & Social & Civic Challenges?



After 50 years, how are we doing?

Poor Walk: Civic Learning is Marginalized

"All too often, service-learning is indistinguishable from internships or clinical placements: their chief aim is disciplinary learning or improved clinical practice. Democratic or "civic learning" outcomes – encouraging students to understand and question the social and political factors that cause social problems and to challenge and change them – at best remain hopedfor by-products."

(Saltmarsh & Hartley, 2013, p. 290)

Pedagogification

"I define *pedagogification* as the cultural reworking of an epistemologically transformative educational practice into a teaching method, stripping the initiative of its transformative content while emphasizing its utility as a tool for mastering the traditional knowledge-base."

■ Pollack, 2015. "Critical Civic Literacy as an Essential Component of the Undergraduate Curriculum." p.168

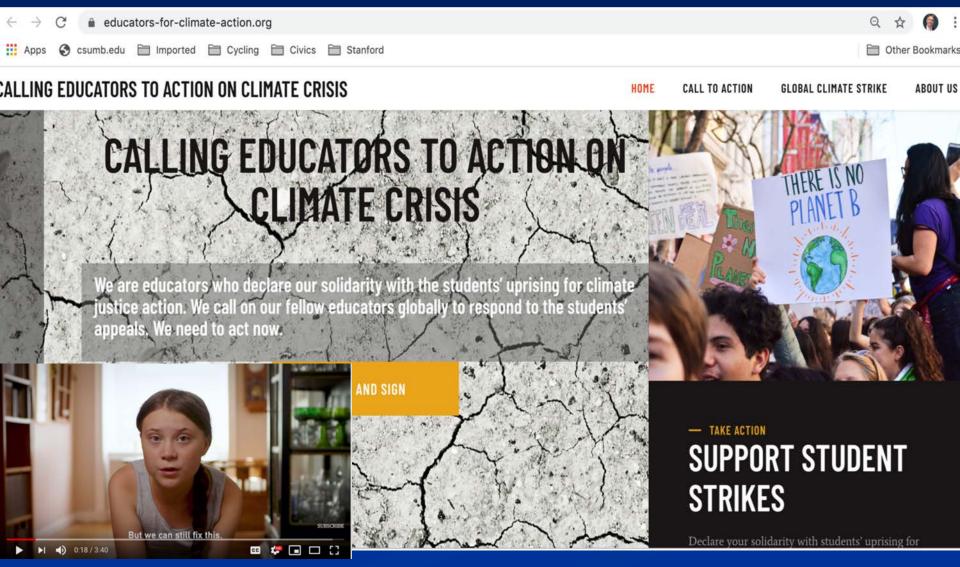
"We have met the enemy, and he is us." The Ivory Tower



Pogo, Earth Day 1970



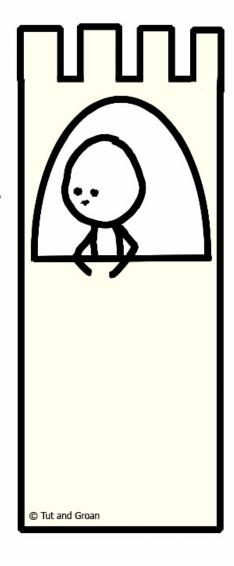
Greta Thunberg, 2019



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-Q0xUXo2zEY

You come across a bit snobby in some of these...





brings together students, academics and the community whereby all become teaching resources, problem solvers and partners." (Europe Engage)

Dr. Ahmed Bawa, Exec. Dir., South Africa Higher Education

"Given today's unprecedented challenges –increasing poverty, growing inequality, erosion of democracy, increasing violent nationalism, the threat to the viability of our planet – our work must focus on the *transformation of the knowledge-base itself...*

"We must *integrate engagement into the heart of the knowledge enterprise*. We must redefine the knowledge, skills and attitudes that our students acquire, to effectively address the social challenges of our communities and the world."

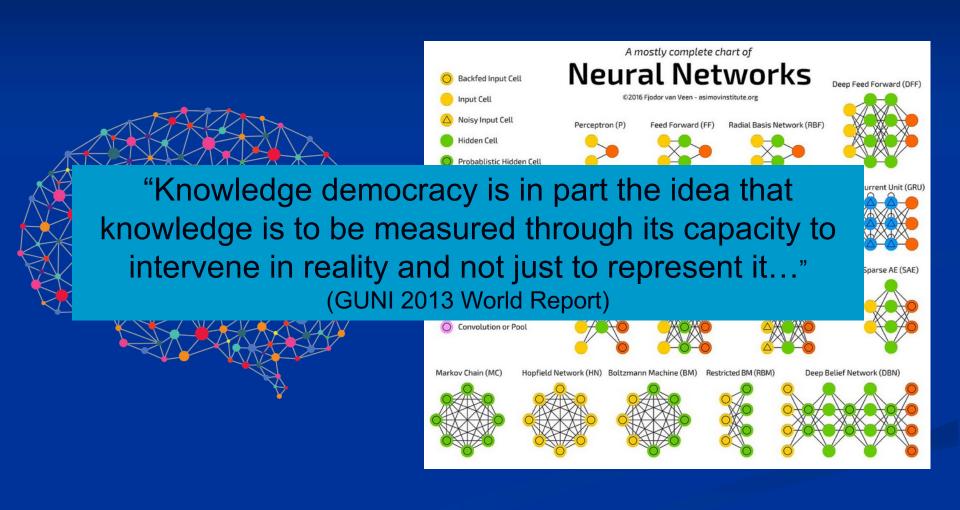
■ December 2017, National Coordinating Center for Public Engagement Conference, Bristol, UK

From the Ivory Tower to...

Community-Engaged Learning



...to the Neural Network



Community Service Learning: The Three Transformations

- HOW we teach and learn: pedagogy of applied, experiential learning)
- WHAT we teach and learn: explicit civic learning outcomes; democratic and civic competencies
- WHO has knowledge/ HOW knowledge is created: knowledge co-creation with community
- "... brings together students, academics and the community whereby all become teaching resources, problem solvers and partners."

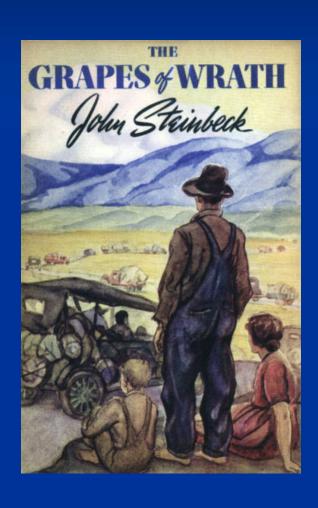
California State University Monterey Bay Service Learning & Social Justice (1995)







California State University Monterey Bay Service Learning & Social Justice (1995)





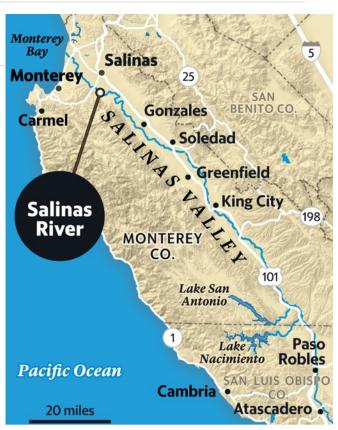




In a California Valley, Healthy Food Everywhere but on the Table

By THOMAS FULLER NOV. 23, 2016





SHARON OKADA sokada@sacbee.com

CSUMB: A National Leader in Service Learning & Civic Engagement

- TWO service learning classes/modules required for ALL students in ALL academic programs.
 - Introduction to service, civics & social justice
 - Service & social justice in the discipline
- Each year:
 - 50% (3,500) students in service learning classes
 - 400+ community organizations
 - \blacksquare 100,000+ hours of service
- All SL classes teach to common service learning outcomes: Critical Civic Literacy
 - Self and social awareness
 - Service & social responsibility
 - Community & social justice
 - Action for systemic change



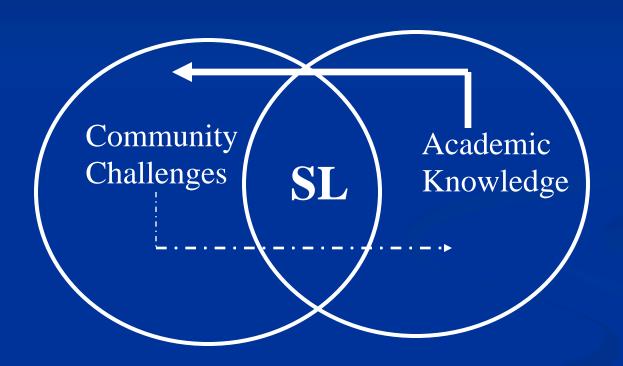


A Crucible Moment (2012)

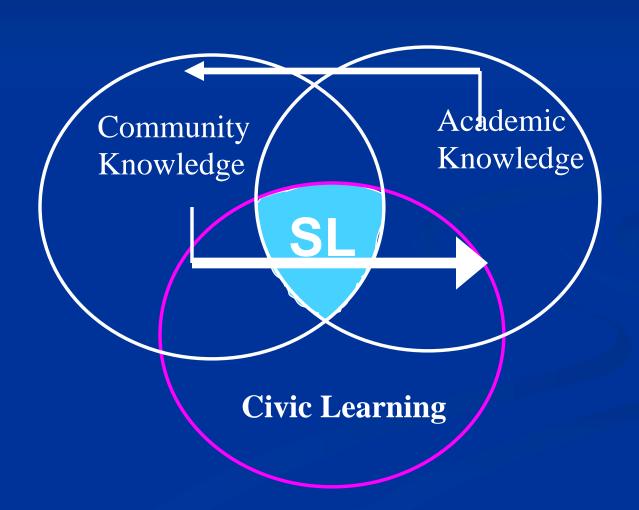
"CSUMB is the model for a university that embeds questions about civic responsibilities within career preparation and that therefore points to the next level needed in campus civic work."

National Task Force on Civic Learning and Democratic Engagement, 2012; p. 13

Traditional (pedagogified) Service Learning



Service Learning for Social & Civic Responsibility



What is Civic Learning?

- "...learning that contributes to student preparation for community or public involvement in a diverse, democratic society." (Michigan Journal of Community Service Learning, 2001)
- Traditional civics
- Democratic citizenship learning
- Political learning
- Leadership learning
- Inter- and intra-personal learning
- Diversity learning
- CSUMB: Social justice learning; Critical Civic Literacy



"Critical Civic Literacy"

"Critical civic literacy emphasizes the role that social power plays in facilitating or inhibiting meaningful participation by individuals and/or groups in civic or public life. Through critical civic literacy, students examine issues of power, privilege, oppression, and systemic inequity in service learning courses to understand the root causes of social inequities."

Pollack (2013). "Critical Civic Literacy: Knowledge at the Intersection of Career and Community." *Journal of General Education.*

CSU Monterey Bay: Service Learning Outcomes

- 1. Self and Social Awareness: Examine the relationship of the diverse dimensions of their social, cultural and professional identities to systems of power, privilege and oppression.
- 2. Service and Social Responsibility: Analyze how the field/profession has perpetuated inequity/injustice and/or contributed to equity/justice at the individual, group and societal levels.
- 3. Community and Social Justice: Engage in responsive, reciprocal service that is informed by knowledge of the multicultural histories, demographics and sociocultural dynamics and assets of a specific community.
- 4. Action for Systemic Change: Develop and implement personal and professional strategies, policies and/or practices that work towards creating greater equity and justice in our communities, workplaces and institutions.

Civic Learning in the European Union

The 20 competences included in the model

Values

- Valuing human dignity and human rights
- Valuing cultural diversity
- Valuing democracy, justice, fairness, equality and the rule of law

Attitudes

- Openness to cultural otherness and to other beliefs, world views and practices
- Respect
- Civic-mindedness
- Responsibility
- Self-efficacy
- Tolerance of ambiguity

Competence

- Autonomous learning skills
- Analytical and critical thinking skills
- Skills of listening and observing
- Empathy
- Flexibility and adaptability
- Linguistic, communicative and plurilingual skills
- Co-operation skills
- Conflict-resolution skills

Skills

- Knowledge and critical understanding of the self
- Knowledge and critical understanding of language and communication
- Knowledge and critical understanding of the world: politics, law, human rights, culture, cultures, religions, history, media, economies, environment, sustainability

Knowledge and critical understanding

Learning for Diversity & Civic Responsibility

"One way to integrate diversity and civic learning is to move from the language of service to the language of justice and social responsibility. A second is to link both diversity and civic work to the learning outcomes we want to cultivate in students. What do our graduates and future professionals need to know to function effectively and responsibly in a diverse, stratified world?"

 Caryn McTighe Musil, Vice President, Association of American Colleges and Universities



Transforming HOW we Learn

The pedagogy side (experiential learning)

How is facilitating "experiential learning" different from traditional teaching?

Dleglpllne-Beecd Knowledge

Traditional Learning

Dlechpllne-Beecd Knowledge

Student Knowledge

Student Centered Learning

Dlechpllne-Beecd Knowledge

Student Knowledge

Community Knowlegge

Experiential Learning

Transforming WHAT we Learn

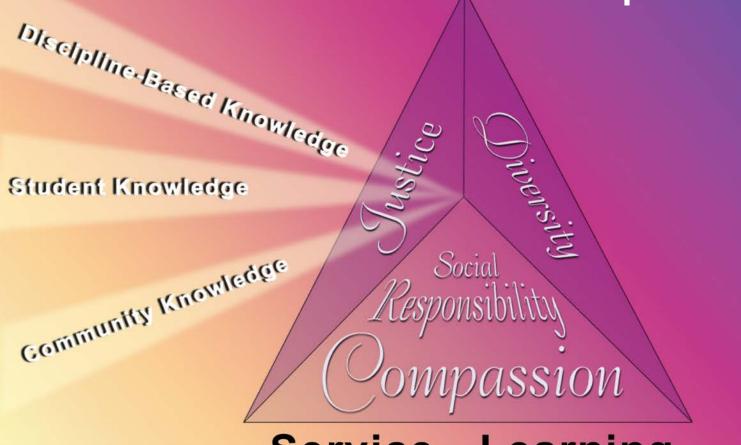
■ What does it mean to explicitly focus on student learning about social and civic responsibility?

- What do students need to know and be able to do to address social challenges?:
 - Knowledge
 - Skills
 - Attitudes
 - Values

"Promote equity, social cohesion and active citizenship." Dleclpllne-Based Knowledge Student Knowledge **Community Κυολλεφδε** Service

Service - Learning

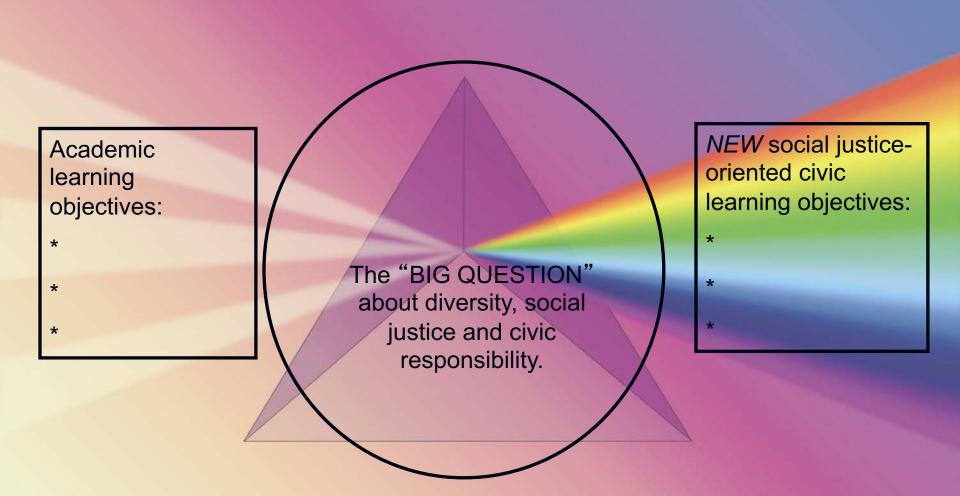
"Promote equity, social cohesion and active citizenship."



Service - Learning at CSUMB



It all starts with the Social Justice "META- QUESTION"



BIO 378S:

Health Science Service Learning

Social Justice Meta-Question

How does class, ethnicity, language, and immigration status affect access to healthcare in the Salinas Valley?

Social Justice Learning Outcomes

- Students will understand the factors that lead to inadequate and inequitable medical care in the Salinas Valley.
- Students will learn how to speak with community members about their health care choices and challenges.





Prof. Henrik Kibak: Our "other classrooms"

"Our goal is to get out in the community and let it teach us..."

- Students discover (NOT the "Professor" tells...)
- Authentic vehicles for learning from people in the community.
- Active reflection session IN THE COMMUNITY to facilitate authentic discovery

"I don't ever use the words 'social justice'; I want them to get it through the clarity of the learning outcomes."





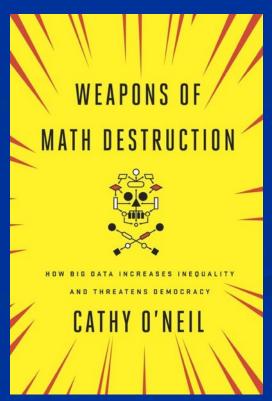
STAT 362S: Statistics Consultants

Social Justice Meta-Question

How can mathematicians and statisticians contribute to furthering social justice and equity through their profession?

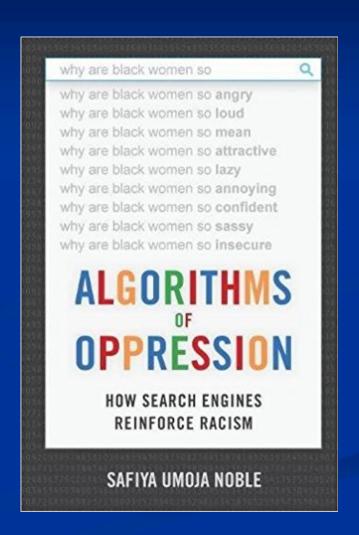
Social Justice Learning Outcomes

- Identify and address the social inequities created by applications of mathematical and statistical methods.
- Apply mathematical and statistical methods to expose and propose solutions to social injustices.



"Math is not neutral"

"I feel like I am at the center of a crime that is committed against poor families and that it is continuously happening without any settlement to justice. I am not only a witness of this crime but also a victim that has the need to do something about it. I hope to use my knowledge of mathematics and statistics to help dissolve this empire of injustice."



^{*} Student comment in Unfried and Canner (2018). "Doing Social Justice: Turning Talk into Action in a Mathematics Service Learning Course."

Student Evaluation of SL Courses Social Justice Learning (2018-19)

Question	% Strongly Agree/ Agree
Encouraged me to think about social justice in ways I had not before.	85%
Has motivated me to listen to perspectives that are different from my own.	91%
Helped me gain more awareness about my social identities (e.g., gender, ethnicity, race, sexual orientation, etc.)	80%
Gave me the knowledge, skills and/or attitudes to speak up/ speak out against oppressive behaviors (e.g., sexism, homophobia, racism, religious intolerance, etc.)	81%
Helped me engage with issues that are meaningful and relevant to my life.	88%

Three Transformations Structural Manifestations

Transformations	Structural Change
HOW we learn: experiential learning	 Professional development for instructors Acknowledge "partnership development" in workload; Community Partner Database integrated with core information systems.
WHAT we learn: civic / social responsibility / service LEARNING	 Hiring faculty w/discipline-based social justice knowledge expertise Personal, Professional and Social Responsibility as a university goal Service Learning Awards at graduation
WHO has knowledge; HOW knowledge is created: epistemology	 Diverse approaches to knowledge development (research) and dissemination (publication) Professional Application as legitimate category of scholarship Marian Penn Partnership Award

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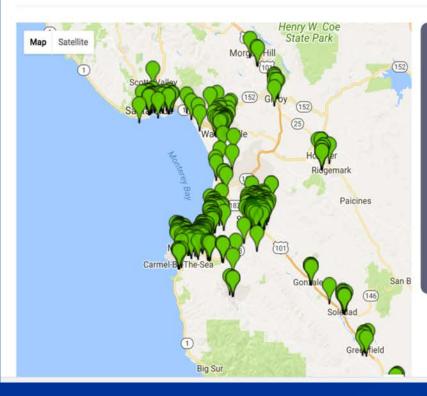
CalState S4:

Online Community Partner Database

Student/Faculty Log In

Community Partner Log In

Welcome to CalStateS4 for CSU Monterey Bay



CSUMB PLACEMENTS supports students serving and learning in their communities.

This website helps to place students in the following programs or courses at CSUMB:

Service Learning

Academic Internships

Collaborative Health and Human Services

Are you looking to partner with the University?

Start by filling out the Request to Initiate Partnership form.

Three Transformations Structural Manifestations

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ULO 2: CSUMB graduates engage in ethical reasoning and public action informed by historical, multicultural, global, ecological and equity-oriented perspectives.

ULO 2: Personal, Professional & Social Responsibility

- Ethical Reasoning
- Personal & Professional Public Identities
- Public Action

Upper Division Service Learning

- Self & Social Awareness
- Service & Social Responsibility
- Action for Systemic Change

Lower Division Civics/Service Learning

- Civic Identity
- Civic Knowledge
- Civic Action

Three Transformations Structural Manifestations

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Retention, Tenure and Promotion: 4 Areas of Scholarship

- Teaching
- Research
- University Service
- Professional Application: "Instructors use their academic training and experience to serve the profession and the public:
 - They contribute to the public welfare or the common good;
 - The call upon a faculty member's academic and/or professional area of expertise;
 - They directly address or respond to real-world needs; and,
 - They support the CSUMB Vision." (CSUMB RTP Policy: https://csumb.edu/policy/retention-tenure-and-promotion-policy)

Discipline-Based Civic Knowledge

Discipline-Based Knowledge



Transdisciplinary or Civic Knowledge



Beyond Competing Narratives: Purpose of Higher Education

"In the competitive global market, higher education needs to contribute to the nation's economic productivity and prepare students for the workforce."

"In a diverse democracy, higher education must embrace a civic mission to educate students to become informed, engaged responsible citizens locally, nationally, and globally."

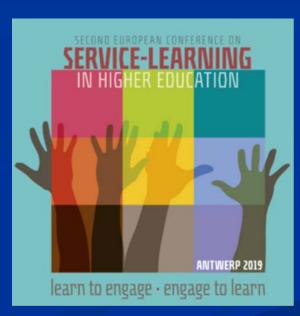
Beyond Competing Narratives: Purpose of Higher Education

■ To address our global civic crisis, higher education needs to **NOT ONLY** contribute to the nation's economic productivity and prepare students for the workforce; but must educate a new generation of multicultural civic communitybuilders: students who have the knowledge, skills, attitudes and values to build more just, more equitable and more inclusive, workplaces, communities and social institutions."

(CSU, Monterey Bay)

Three Big Questions for European Higher Education

- What do **students need to learn** to "promote equity, social cohesion and active citizenship" as part of their core university education?
- What do **instructors need to learn** to effectively "promote equity, social cohesion and active citizenship" through service learning in their disciplines?
- What **support structures** need to exist in **European higher education** to more effectively "promote equity, social cohesion and active citizenship" through service learning?



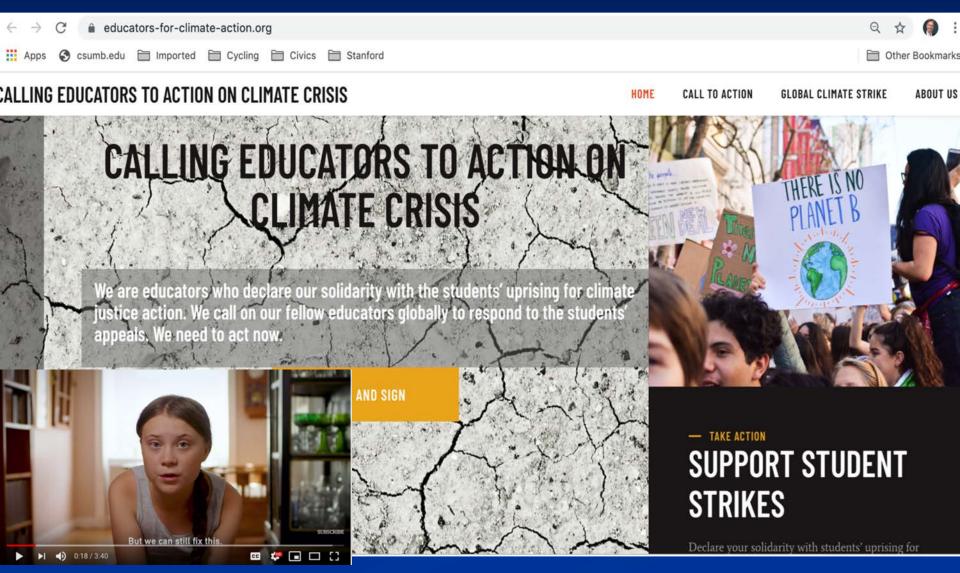
Rachel Naomi Remen

In order to live well, we may need to know and trust one another again. To touch and be touched by those around us. Service is the way that this world can heal...

The best definition of service I have come across is a single word, BELONGING. Service is the final healing of isolation and loneliness. It is the lived experience of belonging.

■ Rachel Naomi Remen, My Grandfather's Blessings

Greta Thunberg, 2019



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-Q0xUXo2zEY